

## NEW ORDER PLANS DRYING UP SOURCE OF BOOZE SUPPLY

Treasury Makes Changes in  
Rules on Permits for  
Alcohol.

CHECK ON ALL STOCKS

Dealers in Tax Paid Product  
Barred From Obtaining  
Beverage Kind.

MOVE IN EFFECT MARCH 1

Licenses Secured Only After  
Investigation and Approval  
of Enforcement Chiefs.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau,  
Washington, D. C., Dec. 29.

In a supreme effort to break up bootlegging and whiskey running in the United States through the checking of the supply at the alleged source, the Treasury Department to-day issued new regulations governing issuance of permits for the wholesale handling of industrial alcohol.

Under the new regulations, formulated as a supplement to regulation No. 50, it is specifically provided that permits to deal in tax paid industrial alcohol will not be issued to wholesale dealers who have permits for the handling of beverage alcohol.

Prohibition enforcement officers have said that the great source of illicit whiskey in the United States was from the supplies withdrawn by wholesale dealers who had permits for the handling of beverage alcohol and industrial alcohol in large quantities.

It was said that beverage alcohol withdrawn for industrial or manufacturing purposes and for disposal to retail dealers in the drug trade leaked through the so-called whiskey rings and peddled to bootleggers in various sections of the country.

To check this evil the Treasury some time ago served notice that new permits for 1921 to wholesale dealers of all kinds should not be issued except through prohibition headquarters here, and then only to applicants whose papers were approved by the district prohibition officers. There are at present hundreds of wholesale permits outstanding.

Harder for Bootleggers.

The supplement to regulation No. 50 made public to-day, effectively segregates industrial and beverage alcohol in the wholesale houses. Under this arrangement it is expected to reduce to a minimum the permits for the handling of beverage alcohol in any form, thus reducing the possibility of its diversion to illicit uses. For weeks now bootleggers have been complaining that the regulations means that substance known as ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or spirit of wine, from whatever source or whatever processes produced, having a proof of 150 degrees or more and does not include substances commonly known as whiskey, brandy, rum or gin.

Permits to deal in tax paid industrial alcohol in original stamped packages only will not be issued to persons holding permits for 1405 to deal in intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 1, title 11, of the National Prohibition Act, in wholesale quantities, where intoxicating liquor of any description, other than alcohol as defined in Article I of these supplemental regulations, is also dealt in.

Permits to Be Indorsed.

"Wholesale dealers holding permits for 1405 now dealing in alcohol exclusively and wholesale dealers who hereafter desire to deal in alcohol in original stamped packages exclusively may make application in triplicate to the Federal Prohibition Director on Form 1405-A, to be classed as a wholesale dealer in tax paid industrial alcohol, and receive a ninety day permit to purchase such alcohol in original stamped packages only, form 1410-C. The Federal Prohibition Director will indorse his approval or disapproval on each copy of the application and forward all three copies to the Federal Prohibition Commissioner, who will approve or disapprove the same.

"The permit form 1410-C will be issued for a fixed number of proof gallons not exceeding the maximum quantity covered by the applicant's bond in the case of bonds in the penal sum of less than \$50,000. In the case of bonds in the maximum penalty sum of \$50,000 the number of proof gallons will be based upon the estimated requirements of the applicant for a period of ninety days.

"Provided that the limitations on the issuance of permits to deal in tax paid industrial alcohol in original stamped packages shall not apply to dealers who may lawfully deal in the United States pharmacopoeia and national formula preparations, held to be intoxicating liquors in Section 60, paragraph B, Article XI, of the Federal Prohibition Act, amendments thereto, but of such preparations may only be made pursuant to permits to purchase form 1410 as now provided.

"Any person now holding permit form 1405 to use alcohol, including retail druggists holding Class I, permits, may make application in triplicate on form 1405-B to the Federal Prohibition Director to be classed as a user of industrial alcohol and receive a ninety day permit to purchase such alcohol in original stamped packages only, form 1410-C.

"Wholesale druggists who qualify as industrial alcohol users, but who sell intoxicating liquor other than alcohol in original stamped packages, may procure alcohol for their own manufacturing use on permit form 1410-C. Such alcohol as they wish to resell either as a wholesale liquor dealer or as a retail liquor dealer must be purchased pursuant to permit form 1410 as now provided, and such sales, whether in original stamped packages or otherwise, may only be made pursuant to permit to purchase form 1410-C.

COOLIDGE GOING TO ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, Dec. 29.—Vice-President-elect Calvin Coolidge accepted an invitation to-day to address the Southern Trust Congress to be held here January 27-29.

## UNDERWOOD TO LEAD FIGHT AGAINST TARIFF

Will Oppose Emergency Bill  
on Principle.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau,  
Washington, D. C., Dec. 29.

Senator Underwood (Ala.), Democratic leader, will take the leadership in the fight already started by Senator Hitchcock (Neb.), Senator Harrison (Miss.) and others of his party against the one year emergency tariff increases on farm products.

Senator Underwood has been absent during the holidays, and until his return to-day had heard little of the action taken by the minority in opposing the tariff bill. When he found that the Democratic steering committee had held a meeting in his absence and had formally agreed to oppose the tariff legislation he approved of that action.

He said he did not intend to be turned into any false position, where he or members of his party, who are against a high protective tariff in principle, would be required to vote for permanent legislation of that character merely because they had supported it as an emergency measure.

## ASHURST STORMS THE WHITE HOUSE

Demands Action on Mine  
Claims Improvement  
Measure.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau,  
Washington, D. C., Dec. 29.

Senator Henry F. Ashurst (Ariz.), Democrat, first stormed the White House to-day and then besieged it in an effort to discover what President Wilson was going to do with the bill which gives to owners of mining claims throughout the country six additional months in which to do \$100 worth of work on properties.

Dinner time found the Senator still beleaguering the White House garrison, giving up his determination to remain there all night only because Secretary Tumulty promised to work diligently on the job.

Claim Jumpers Feared.

The bill in which Senator Ashurst is so intensely interested involves thousands of individuals and millions of dollars of property in every Western mining State. The original law governing mining claims provides that each miner shall do at least \$100 worth of assessment work on his property each year. During the war Congress exempted this requirement.

Senator Ashurst claimed that the work had been so long delayed that while the exemption was refused by Congress it was decided to give the miners an additional six months, or until July 1, 1921, in which to perform the necessary development work.

The bill was passed and went to the White House, where it was lost. The President's bill has until January 2, when the bill, but Senator Ashurst and all Western Senators assert that if the President's intention is not known before that time or even if knowledge of what the President is going to do is withheld until December 31, it will be impossible for the claimants to do the necessary development work in the event that the President should veto the extension.

Organized claim jumpers in every mining State were standing ready to file on practically every claim involved. Senator Ashurst claimed that if it were known now that the President is going to veto the bill the mine owners might make the necessary improvements, but if knowledge is delayed twenty-four hours more in the mountains will prevent them from reaching their claims in time.

Invades Executive Offices.

Owing to the policy of seclusion that exists at the White House no one had been able to discover whether the bill had reached the President or what he is going to do with it. Responding to thousands of telegrams which had been addressed to him and other Western Senators, Senator Ashurst decided to make a personal investigation. Clad in a long coat and in a typically Western conical hat, Senator Ashurst invaded the executive offices of the White House to-day at noon.

No one knew anything about the bill. Secretary Tumulty was enjoying an afternoon off and Assistant Secretary Foster was out of the city. There was no one authorized to get the Senator in touch with the President.

After attacking all possible openings Senator Ashurst decided to take the White House by storm. "I am an American citizen," he exclaimed angrily, "and I have a right to seek the President in a matter of such importance to thousands of honest miners who are in danger of being robbed of everything they have worked for."

With that announcement the Arizona Senator made a direct frontal attack on the main entrance of the White House. Here he was met by the suave doorkeeper, Hoover. Having denied admission to many in his day, one Senator more or less was worth such an amount to the outer guard. Senator Ashurst was repulsed.

Secretary Payne Also Sought.

Finding storming attacks also useless Senator Ashurst returned to Secretary Tumulty's office for a long siege. He announced he would stay there if it took all winter.

In the meantime Secretary Tumulty was told and endeavored to soothe the ruffled feelings of the Arizona Senator. It was no easy task.

Mr. Tumulty explained that the bill was on his desk, but John Barton Payne, Secretary of the Interior, is in Philadelphia, N. C., and until Mr. Payne could be reached the President could not be approached.

Mr. Tumulty explained to the angry Senator that without the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior the President would probably veto the bill if an attempt was made to rush him.

While the President's secretary attached himself to the long distance phone in his effort to reach Mr. Payne Senator Ashurst decided to abandon the siege temporarily.

WILSON REFUSES \$150,000.

INFORMS SYNDICATE NO ARTICLE IN  
WORTH THAT SUM.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—President Wilson has refused an offer of \$150,000 from a syndicate to write an article of his own selection on the ground that no article was worth such an amount. It was learned to-day at the White House.

Details of the offer, which was one of many the President has received lately, were not made public.

WATER BOOST AFTER RAID.

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 29.—Water rates in Hurley, Wis., the town raided by prohibition agents yesterday, were advanced 50 per cent. to-day by the State rate commission. The water company asked a 60 per cent. increase.

## MAY REVEAL TWO CABINET CHOICES ON THE NEW YEAR

Harding Hopes to An-  
nounce Secretaries of State  
and Treasury Saturday.

FORMER IS SETTLED

Live Stock Market Interests  
Plead Against Wallace in  
Agriculture Post.

PRESIDENT-ELECT WEARY

Anxious to Escape Constant  
Squabble for Offices, and  
Write State Papers.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MARION, Dec. 29.—President-elect Harding would like to be able to offer the names of the next Secretary of State and the next Secretary of the Treasury to the country as a New Year's greeting. Conferences to that end were held to-day and will be held to-morrow. He knows now who will head the State Department. He has not absolutely settled upon a man for the Treasury post. If his decision can be made within the next forty-eight hours, the double announcement may be expected.

Cabinet building is a labor that is driving him hard. It is probable that there is more public interest and more contention among interests or interested persons over the Harding Cabinet than over any Cabinet that has been formed for many years. On this subject alone his mail is enormous, and every day his office swarms with visitors who come to beg for appointment of this man or to protest against the appointment of that man. They are persons, as a rule, who do their best to slip in and out of Marion without attracting attention, men averse to advertisement. When approached they speak vaguely and usually grandiloquently about having discussed "international problems" or having consulted about "matters of grave domestic import."

As a matter of fact they are after jobs, big and little. Many of them represent heavy financial interests or great industrial projects. They come to the President-elect to hint that Mr. So-and-so would be a first rate man in the Cabinet from the standpoint of business men, or that Mr. This-or-That would be a perfectly impossible person to head a department or to sit in the high council of Government.

They Don't Get Very Far.

A few of these persons have tried to disguise their particular association, but none of them has "put anything over" on the President-elect. He has known to a dot just whom or what this class of applicant stands for.

Union labor and advocates of the open shop are having a terrific battle under the apparently peaceful surface of things to get a man as Secretary of Labor who will be friendly to the one and unfriendly to the other.

That Mr. Hall said was the secret of the trusts' profits and dangerous power. That all patents, tariffs and privileges in the hands of the trusts might be taken away from them, and the H. C. of L. will tumble like a house of cards.

While Mr. Hall was addressing the economics section Prof. A. Michelson of the University of Chicago was explaining to the American Physical Society his recently perfected device for measuring stellar bodies, a device which in a test at the Mount Wilson Observatory enabled its inventor to measure Alpha Orionis, one of the remotest stars in the constellation Orion.

That dainty little orb, which remained more or less of a stranger until Prof. Michelson devoted his attention to it, was found to be 300,000,000 miles in diameter—200 times as large as the sun, which in turn is nearly a million times the size of the earth.

The economic entomologists, whose task in life is to check insect pests had up for discussion a volunteer pest reporting service and the life habits of a dozen or more of the little pests which worry the farmer and add materially to the high cost of living.

TRINITY CHINESE PROGRAMME.

The Chinese of old Trinity Church, in lower Broadway, will begin peeling its welcome to the new year at 11:45 o'clock Saturday night, continuing until 12:15. Among the selections will be "Adeste Fideles," "Drink to Me Only with Thine Eyes," "Robin Adair," "America," "Keep the Home Fires Burning," "Auld Lang Syne" and "Home, Sweet Home." The annual New Year service will begin at 11 o'clock. The Rev. William T. Manning, the rector, will preach.

Kelly Talks Navy Matters.

Fred M. Upham, treasurer of the National Committee, making another visit to Marion to speak for Charles G. Dawes for the Treasury, also spoke against Mr. Wallace. Mr. Upham brought along with him Daniel B. Wentz of Philadelphia, president of the National Coal Association. Mr. Wentz went so far as to admit that he had discussed the coal situation with the President-elect, saying that the bituminous production situation was very satisfactory, and pointing out that up to December 11, 1920, 537,000,000 tons had been produced, the best output, save that of 1918, since before the war.

Representative Patrick A. Kelly of Michigan spent some time discussing naval policy and naval appropriations. Mr. Kelly is chairman of the sub-committee of the House Appropriations Committee which deals with naval matters. He explained that in his view the potential strength of the navy, quickly and readily available in case of necessity, is more important than its actual force at a given moment.

ESCORT FOR HARDING.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Troop A, First Ohio Cavalry, Capt. Ralph Perkins of Cleveland, commanding, has been designated to act as President-elect Harding's personal cavalry escort in the inaugural parade.

Troop A is the same organization, although with a changed personnel, that acted as personal escort to President McKinley at his inauguration.

## LIGHT INVISIBLE TO MEN CAUGHT BY 'CHEMICAL EYE'

Baltimore Physicist Develops New Marvel for War  
Use—Makes Room Luminous Without Visible  
Source of Light.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Science presents to-day a new wonder, the "chemical eye" for seeing invisible light. It was developed to help the Americans win the world war.

The man who worked out this marvel is Dr. Robert W. Woods, professor of physics in the Johns Hopkins University. He entered the military service when the United States entered the titanic struggle and asked his commanding officers what work the Government wished him to do.

"Give us a light that we can see and the enemy cannot," was in substance the answer he received.

Taking the ultra-violet rays, which are invisible to the naked eye, Dr. Woods invented a "chemical eye" which can detect these rays and make them visible to the human eye.

Dr. Woods told about his discovery to the members of the American Association of Scientists.

MALE INTELLIGENCE  
SCORES A VICTORY

Little Graphs and Profiles  
Prove Disquieting to Femin-  
ists, Scientist Shows.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Prof. James P. Porter of Clark University, Worcester, Mass., told enough of his investigations to his fellow psychologists in fifteen minutes to furnish material for discussion for all the women's clubs in America from now until next Christmas.

His subject was scheduled as "Some Results of Intelligence Tests in School, College and Industry." It really should have been called "Tollate Tests; Prove That the Female is Less Intelligent Than the Male."

Prof. Porter examined some 1,200 subjects before he wrote his paper, and his figures proved disquieting to feminists, but were conclusive. In a group of students taking a classical course at a university the girls average 112 in "relative ability," the boys, 2 points higher. In the commercial branch of the same school more men scored an even more conclusive victory. The girls maintained an average of 104 when the boys scored 114.

To even things up a little, the feminine scholastic averages were two to three points higher in each instance where the girls were psychologically less able they made better use of their more limited talents than did the boys.

At the economics meeting, Bolton Hall, a New York lawyer, told his audience of eminent scientists that prices would never come down until all monopolies created by special legislation be ended.

"Trusts are able to extort high prices when the individuals or corporations composing them are given a partial or complete monopoly of some particular industry," he said. "That is always through some law granted privilege, such as a public franchise, patent right, protection against foreign competition, or the like."

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## FRENCH SOCIALIST PARTY TURNS RED

Congress at Tours by Large  
Majority Votes to Join  
Third Internationale.

CACHIN FAVORS SOVIETS

French Government Decides to  
Take Stern Measures  
Against Communists.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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New York Herald Bureau,  
Paris, Dec. 29.

The French Socialist party, in conference in Tours, voted to-night by a large majority to join the Third (Moscow) Internationale. Simultaneously the Cabinet decided to take stern measures against Communist plotting. The nature of these measures, however, will not be decided until the Cabinet has reviewed the situation secretly to-morrow morning. The New York Herald correspondent was informed.

With the Left Wing, or radical group, of the party in control, a resolution for absolute affiliation of French Socialism with the Third Internationale was carried by a vote of 3,208. Jean Longuet, Communist leader and grandson of Karl Marx, then offered a resolution demanding that the meeting go on record whether it would sanction the Internationale's repudiation of the Centrists. This resolution, after 1,022 votes, 397 delegates refraining from voting.

The consensus is that the action by the Tours congress has definitely split the French Socialist party into two factions, one of which will go with the Moscow Internationale and the other will follow M. Longuet and the more moderate French Socialists.

Premier Leygues and Jules Steeg, Minister of the Interior, will appear before the Chamber of Deputies to-morrow afternoon to explain how Clara Zetkin, German Socialist leader and member of the Reichstag, got into France and appeared before the Tours congress yesterday. At the same time they will endeavor to dissipate the fears of the Deputies that the Government is not strong enough to handle the situation. So far no orders have been given either to arrest or to expel Clara Zetkin.

This afternoon's session of the Tours congress was devoted to the concluding arguments in favor of accepting Moscow's demands for the expulsion of the milder Socialists from the ranks of the French Socialist party. Marcel Cachin, Left wing leader, again pleading that Lenin's "paradise" was the sole hope of the French working man for an "earthly paradise."

Motions for the reconstruction of the party on purely Communist lines are expected to be offered.

COLLEAGUES HONOR  
UNCLE JOE CANNON

Veteran Legislator Establishes  
Record for Service.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau,  
Washington, D. C., Dec. 29.

Partisan ship, or the fact that the revenues were laid aside to-day while Republicans and Democrats of the House staged a love feast in honor of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, who will be 85 next May. The occasion was the establishment by the veteran Illinois statesman of a new record for length of service in Congress.

When "Uncle Joe" arrived at his seat at noon he had to his credit 43 years 9 months and 26 days—one day better than the previous record held by the late Senator Justin S. Morrill (Vt.), whose Congressional service was in both branches.

At the close of the exercises the House adopted by a unanimous standing vote a resolution by Representative Rucker (Mo.), Democrat, for the placing of a bronze bust of Uncle Joe in the rotunda of the House Office Building. Mr. Cannon's friends will present the bust and the House will provide a suitable pedestal. Mr. Rucker said that Joe more than anybody else combined was responsible for the erection of the office building.

Former Speaker Champ Clark was in charge of the programme, which included tributes by himself, Representative Rodenberg (Ill.), Townner (Ia.) and Mondell (Wyo.), Republicans, and Torrey (Tenn.), Rucker (Mo.) and Sherwood (Ohio), Democrats. Uncle Joe, who with great dignity restrained his emotions as he sat through the hour and a half of felicitations, replied in a scintillating address, which he read without the aid of glasses or a stand for his manuscript.

M. C. ROBBINS A TRUSTEE.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Dec. 29.—The appointment by Gov. Clement of Merton C. Robbins of New York and Brattleboro as trustee of the University of Vermont was announced to-day. He succeeds the late Theodore N. Vail.

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Pearls, Precious Stones  
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**DINNER AND EVENING GOWNS**  
Formerly to \$350---\$95---\$145---\$195

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Formerly to \$175---\$65---\$85

Fans, Combs and other accessories  
necessary for the correct completion of  
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Prices.

NOTE:  
Preparations have been made to have alterations  
completed in time for New Year's Eve Wear.

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ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE  
**10% DISCOUNT**  
ON PURCHASES IN  
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UPHOLSTERY FABRICS  
DRAPERY MATERIALS  
OVERSTUFFED FURNITURE  
NOVELTY FURNITURE  
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BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES  
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LAMPS—SHADES—MIRRORS—CLOCKS  
STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.  
McGibbon for Quality

What will Your Child become?  
ACCORDING to Dr. E. V. McCollum  
of Johns Hopkins University, the  
foremost authority on human nutrition, the  
people who have made liberal use of milk  
have attained to greater size, great longevity  
and achieved much greater advance-  
ment in literature, art and science.  
Milk will play an important part in  
molding the future of your child.  
Borden's Milk is produced in the most  
cleanly and scientific manner possible. It  
is fine, wholesome milk—the kind you  
may feel safe in giving to the younger  
members of your family.  
For further information phone for our  
solicitor.  
Borden's Farm Products Co., Inc., New York

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"By and by is easily said."  
—SHAKESPEARE  
**ACTION**  
is the connecting link between resolve and  
accomplishment. The unhappiness that may result  
if you do not make a will, is too grave a risk to  
take. Why not act at once in this matter? We in-  
vite you to name as your executor the Metropolitan  
Trust Company.